



ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 10, 1875.

Thos. Moore, esq., Conservative County Superintendent of Fairfax county, requests that a meeting be held in each Magisterial district in that county at such place as the District Superintendent may designate on the 3d day of April (1st Saturday,) to nominate candidates for a Supervisor, three Justices of the Peace, one Constable, one Overseer of the Poor, and one Overseer of Roads for each road district; and to appoint six delegates to attend a County Convention to be held at Fairfax Court House on the 19th day of April, (court day) to nominate candidates for a Sheriff, Commonwealth's Attorney, Clerk of the County Court, (who will also be Clerk of the Circuit Court.) Treasurer and two Commissioners of the Revenue, and for the several Magisterial Districts. Mr. Moore says: "Harmony and unity are more essential to the party now than ever before, and let me urge that all differences be buried, all discussions healed, and that these meetings be attended by every voter willing to stand by the Conservative party. Harmony and success in the county elections in May will be a sure guarantee of success in November."

The combination to form a ministry in France has again failed, in consequence of M. Buffet's refusal to enter the proposed ministry, and the general unwillingness of leading politicians to join a government the existence of which is considered precarious. The London Times correspondent states that the ministry announced Monday evening was upset by the Bonapartists, who influenced MacMahon to oppose the appointment of the Duke D'Audiffert Pasquier. The Bishop of Orleans, in behalf of the clergy, also opposed M. Wallon. The Times correspondent says in the conference on Monday President MacMahon, while urging M. Buffet to enter the ministry, several times threatened to resign.

The returns of the election in New Hampshire yesterday indicate the election of the Republican State ticket, a majority of the Legislature, and two of the three Congressmen. The present Governor is a Democrat, having been elected by the Democratic Legislature. The defeat of the Democratic candidate yesterday is attributed to the fact that the Prohibitionists or third party men went over to the Republicans. The Congressional representation is unchanged, the Democrats gaining the first district, but losing the third.

P. S. To-day's dispatches indicate a very different result, and look as if the Democrats had carried the State.

Some excitement was caused at the Capitol, yesterday, by the bursting of a gas pipe in the Senate wing, which, however, did no other damage than the tearing up of the tile pavement which overlaid it. The atmosphere of the corridors was saturated with the gas, but it was soon shut off for the purpose of repairing the pipes. It is said that grave Senators who were in the midst of the perplexities arising out of the consideration of Executive nominations, rushed from their chamber blanched with fear, and with a reminder of the era of Guy Fawkes, made way to the scene indicated by the loud report.

In the special session of the U. S. Senate yesterday, Mr. Ferry, of Michigan, was elected President pro tem, in the absence of Mr. Wilson, the Democrats voting for Mr. Thurman. Senator Booth, of California, was sworn in and took his seat. Mr. Anthony submitted the list of the standing committees as re-arranged, and it was adopted by the Senate. The resolution to admit Pinchback was again taken up, and Mr. Morton concluded his argument in favor of Pinchback. He was replied to by Mr. Merrimon in opposition to the resolution, and after an executive session the Senate adjourned.

It is stated that Mr. French, Sergeant-at-Arms of the U. S. Senate, will probably be removed, having incurred the displeasure of Messrs. Conkling and Spencer by removing one of the messengers appointed by the former for the reason that he was insolent to his superiors, and generally negligent of his duties, and of Mr. Spencer by removing an obnoxious individual who had been placed on the pay rolls at the suggestion of Mr. S., and who had never rendered an equivalent for the money paid him.

The Standing Committee of the Maryland Diocese on Monday voted against both Bishops elect DeKoven and Jagger. Twenty-five committee have voted on Dr. DeKoven's case, of which nine have decided in his favor and sixteen against him. Only twenty Diocesan Committees have as yet taken up Dr. Jagger's case, and of these all but five have voted to confirm him. A dispatch from Chicago, published yesterday, states that the friends of Dr. DeKoven have given up the hope that he will be confirmed.

The standing committees of the U. S. Senate, as arranged in the Radical caucus, were elected yesterday. Mr. Johnson, of Tennessee, is on the Committee on Foreign Relations. Mr. Withers, of Virginia, is on the Committees on Manufactures and Pensions, and Mr. Johnson is on the Committees on Postoffices and Post Roads, Revolutionary Claims and Patents.

C. W. Buttz, a lawyer, who figured in Richmond during reconstruction times, and who is now a solicitor at Charleston, S. C., was shot twice in that city a few days since by a colored detective, on whose bill bond Buttz had refused to go. The wounds are not dangerous.

The U. S. sloop of war Huron, one of the eight new ships ordered by Congress, was successfully launched in the presence of three thousand people, at Gosport navy-yard, on Monday.

The friends of Mr. Anthony, of Rhode Island, were greatly disappointed at the election of Mr. Ferry as President pro tem of the Senate, fully expecting that Mr. A. would be chosen.

The Culpeper Times says: "Mr. Francis Weekly, living in this county, and a pensioner of the war of 1812, will be 100 years old if he lives until the 15th day of May next."

George H. Pendleton, of Ohio, accompanied by Mr. Taylor, a member of Congress, and Mr. McClain, of the Cincinnati Enquirer, were in Richmond yesterday.

The publication of the Lynchburg Republican is to be suspended for a week.

NEWS OF THE DAY.
"To show the very age and body of the Times"

Mr. Geo. H. Stuart, of Philadelphia, yesterday received a cable message from Liverpool announcing that the well-known revivalist preachers, Moody and Sankey, spoken of in England as the American Evangelists, commenced their labors in London on Monday last, and to ask the prayers of Christians throughout America for their labors in that city. At Agricultural Hall, Islington on Monday night it was estimated that 18,000 persons were assembled in and around the hall.

A special cable dispatch from Rome to the New York Freeman's Journal announces that at the Pro-Conistory to be held on Monday next, Archbishop McCloskey, of New York; Monsignor Ledechowski, Archbishop of Posen and Gnesen, in Prussia; Deschamps, Archbishop of Mechlin, and Bricard, of Belgium; Archbishop Manning, of Westminster, and Monsignors Bartolini and Giannelli, of the Roman Court, will be created Cardinals.

A number of appointments were sent into the Senate yesterday by the President, and among them was that of D. A. Pardee, to be United States District Judge for Louisiana, in place of the well known Durrell. The nominations of Mr. Orth to be Minister to Austria and Mr. Maynard to be Minister to Constantinople were confirmed yesterday.

The Ohio State Grange met in Columbus yesterday. The annual report of the Secretary shows that at the beginning of the official year there were 517 granges in Ohio. Now there are 1,146 in good working order, with 65,000 members. Every county in the State was represented.

The Budget Committee of the Austrian Reichstag have thrown out the special appropriation of \$75,000 which the Government proposed to defray the expenses for the representation of Austria in the United States Centennial Exhibition.

In the Dominion House of Commons on Monday night Mr. Costigan moved his resolution respecting the New Brunswick School law, and made an earnest appeal on behalf of the Catholic minority of that province.

The Toronto Mail in its money article yesterday states that the financial crisis there may be considered entirely at an end, though money will be tight for some time to come.

The Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church meets in annual session in that city to-day.

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. William T. Clarke was sworn in as Senator from Pittsylvania county, vice M. H. Clarke, deceased.

It was reported inexpedient to legislate on the resolution to make parties who kill others in duels pay the insurance on their lives.

An amendment was reported to the bill to establish law libraries at Staunton and Wytheville for the courts of appeal.

An adverse report was made on the House bill to prevent the obstruction of streams and the passage of fish, etc.

Bills were presented incorporating the Valley Cemetery Association; incorporating the New Market River Bridge Company, and authorizing a donation of money by Richmond city to a narrow-gauge railroad.

Bills were passed authorizing the board of directors of the Western Lunatic Asylum to sell certain lots of land; incorporating the Virginia Mining and Improvement Company, and in relation to the docket of causes ready for hearing in the Supreme Court of Appeals.

The bill amending the Code in relation to canvassing election returns was rejected—yeas 3, nays 18.

The committee reports on the subject of tobacco inspections, one for and one against, were debated till adjournment.

In the House of Delegates a petition of citizens of Shenandoah county, asking an amendment to the charter of Van Burenville, was presented.

The bill to provide for the establishment of a true meridian line to each county of the Commonwealth east of the Alleghany mountains was reported from the Committee on Propositions, etc.

A bill was reported to prescribe the price to be paid for land warrants for waste lands, with a recommendation that it do not pass.

It was reported inexpedient to legislate on amending the Code in reference to violation of sepulchra.

The bill to enlarge the accommodations of the Eastern and Western Lunatic Asylum was debated till adjournment.

Mr. J. HORACE LACY, of Spottsylvania, a member of the House of Delegates, is a great talker, and according to the Richmond papers affords a good deal of amusement by his odd sayings and doings. On Monday last when the bill to provide additional accommodations for the insane came up, Mr. Lacy continued his speech, commenced Saturday. The Whig says: "Some of his remarks were very spicy. He is for enlarging the accommodations of the present asylums, and opposed to the erection of a new asylum. He said if a new asylum was necessary, it was for born idiots, such as feeders, and there would never be another quorum of this House if they put them in. Again, he said, Virginia had maintained her splendid civilization in spite of war, pestilence and famine, of blood, fire and the flooding bill. He spoke of the would-be statesmen and the little county court lawyers that aspired to rule the Commonwealth, and of their "narrow curriculum." He made some dabs at "the venal press," and quoted Governor Berkeley's remarks about the peace and tranquility that prevailed in Virginia, and which he attributed to there being no common schools and no newspapers in the colony. Speaking of the public man of the present day, he said the country had been raked with a five-tooth comb and the smallest men had been caught. He compared them to sardines in a box, and said that one of our old-time giants would have swallowed the whole at a mouthful and then asked for a beef-steak. Alluding to Dean Swift's mental troubles as being the result of too much brain, he said that he never saw a body less likely to be afflicted with such troubles than this Legislature.

Mr. J. HORACE LACY, of Spottsylvania, a member of the House of Delegates, is a great talker, and according to the Richmond papers affords a good deal of amusement by his odd sayings and doings. On Monday last when the bill to provide additional accommodations for the insane came up, Mr. Lacy continued his speech, commenced Saturday. The Whig says: "Some of his remarks were very spicy. He is for enlarging the accommodations of the present asylums, and opposed to the erection of a new asylum. He said if a new asylum was necessary, it was for born idiots, such as feeders, and there would never be another quorum of this House if they put them in. Again, he said, Virginia had maintained her splendid civilization in spite of war, pestilence and famine, of blood, fire and the flooding bill. He spoke of the would-be statesmen and the little county court lawyers that aspired to rule the Commonwealth, and of their "narrow curriculum." He made some dabs at "the venal press," and quoted Governor Berkeley's remarks about the peace and tranquility that prevailed in Virginia, and which he attributed to there being no common schools and no newspapers in the colony. Speaking of the public man of the present day, he said the country had been raked with a five-tooth comb and the smallest men had been caught. He compared them to sardines in a box, and said that one of our old-time giants would have swallowed the whole at a mouthful and then asked for a beef-steak. Alluding to Dean Swift's mental troubles as being the result of too much brain, he said that he never saw a body less likely to be afflicted with such troubles than this Legislature.

CITY COUNCIL.

A regular semi-monthly meeting of the City Council was held last night.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

In the Board of Aldermen the business was transacted without debate, and the session was a very short one.

Mr. Moore, from the Committee on Public Property, reported the acceptance of a proposition of Mr. E. Rosenthal to lease the warehouse on Rumney's wharf at \$350 per annum, which was adopted.

Dr. French stated that the warehouse would need repairs costing about \$135, and subsequently a resolution authorizing the repairs at a cost not to exceed the sum named was adopted.

A bill was passed amending the law in relation to selling by weight, so as to exempt garden seed from its provisions.

A petition from the Superintendent of Police, in reference to the condition of the alleys of the city, together with a resolution authorizing repairs to said alleys, was referred.

The report of the Fire Wardens was received from the Common Council and read.

Dr. French thought that when so much money was expended it was due alike to the Wardens, but especially to the Council, that the report should be thoroughly examined, and for that purpose he moved its reference to a special committee.

The motion not receiving a second, the action of the Common Council in accepting the report was concurred in, and the Board adjourned.

COMMON COUNCIL.

The Common Council held its regular meeting last night.

When the bill reducing the police was read twice.

Mr. Eichberg said that he thought the bill would give the city ample protection and it would save \$2,600. At his request the bill was laid over until the next meeting in order to give time for the members to consider the subject.

This was the commencement of a series of bills reducing the expenditures of the city. The Finance Committee saw that now when the floating debt was \$30,000 the only way to save the people was to reduce the outgoes so that the incomes would meet them.

The President—There is a report on the table from Col. George W. Clifford, Superintendent of Police.

The communication was read, suggesting the paying of alleys to prevent disease.

Mr. McKenzie had seen nothing in the Superintendent's report suggesting any action or proposing any remedy. If Brother Clifford would get down on his knees and pray to the Lord for good weather we would have good weather and then something might be done. The idea of talking of disease in the month of February when we are all freezing to death was absurd.

Mr. Huzhies thought that now was the time to prepare for the summer diseases.

Col. Clifford desired for his own justification to address the Council. This matter had been in Council before and passed this Board, but was laid on the table by one member. He was complained of constantly about this matter, and for that reason he had sent in the communication. Mrs. Johnson and Mrs. Hoy had jeopardized their lives by the stagnant waters in the alleys, and something ought to be done.

Mr. Brown introduced a bill for paving, &c., the principal alleys.

Mr. Brown—Do you mean the dirtiest ones by principal?

Mr. Brown responded that he meant the alleys, which were most used.

The subject was laid over.

City Attorney Stuart reported back the bill of Dr. Johnson for the repairs to the Friendship engine house with a short note stating that as Council had asked him no legal question he could only return the papers.

Mr. McKenzie said that as the City Attorney had already reported that the house belonged to the city he supposed he could have made no other report than he had done.

When the Finance Committee to whom was referred the bill of F. L. Smith for \$100 in the Swain vs. Hydraulion case, recommending an adjustment with the Swain interest if the cost did not exceed \$100, came up, City Attorney Stuart said that the Hydraulion lot as appears from the report of Mr. Carver was intended to have an alley at the south, instead of that on the north, but the company instead of building on the north line left an alley there and built upon Mr. Swain's ground at the south. He thought that the plan proposed would probably be the best, especially as a deed would then be given that would settle the whole matter.

The report was adopted.

Mr. Hughes called up the bill for placing curb-stone and gutter on the east side of St. Asaph street, from Queen to Princess streets, and favored the improvement. It was necessary for the health of the people. The water gathered there and stagnated until it dried up. It would cost not more than \$150.

Mr. Shinn said all this grew out of the folly of changing the grade on St. Asaph street. We are just now beginning to see the fruit which this reckless plan of tearing up streets is beginning to bear. The people cannot bear the expense. The town had just borrowed \$15,000 to pay current expenses. [Mr. Eichberg—There is a floating debt of \$30,000.] Two dollars and fifty cents will not pay the expenses next year, and the people now ground down with two dollars will have next year to bear \$2.50 on the hundred. Members seem to suppose that money grew on trees. The Council had no right to waste other people's money in that way. Unless a pause is made in this expenditure and increased taxation the people will rise up and hurl you all out of power as they ought to do.

The subject was laid over.

The Chair (reading)—"Corporation of Alexandria to James Eastwile."

Mr. McKenzie—Oh, gracious! [Laughter.] The Chair read the bill for medicines furnished the poor last month.

Mr. McKenzie said that certainly there was too much medicine. The cost of all these things would bankrupt the people. Once upon a time \$300 would pay the whole medical expenses, but now it was going into the thousands. Dr. Eastwile ought to put ginger in his prescriptions. One of the old dispensers always put ginger in, and if that would diminish the expense he was in favor of it. Were there no good low-priced prescriptions? He hoped Dr. Eastwile would look up one, for the thing was getting mighty heavy.

A member—And put in some ginger.

Mr. Hughes said that if the gutters were put in order that would keep the people healthy and save medicine bills.

The bill was ordered to be paid and the Board adjourned.

EXPRESS ROBBERY.—On Saturday night the stage which arrived from Lexington at Gosport brought in the iron chest money to the amount of \$1,500, to be delivered to Adams' Express there, for forwarding. Mr. Goodie, the agent of the express, there, being sick, Mr. Gordon, a young gentleman acting in his place received the money and deposited it in a desk, ready to be forwarded Monday. On Monday it was discovered that the desk had been forced open and the money stolen.

A story is told of a New York reporter who, fearful that he might not get the address which was to be delivered at the funeral of a prominent citizen, kept beside the preacher while he was praying, abstracted the latter's rear pocket, and forthwith carried it off. The clergyman, thinking his paper had been lost, delivered himself extemporaneously, but the next morning discovered his error, his written address being printed in full in the newspaper.

County Items.

[REPORTED FOR THE ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE.]

There was to have been a wedding in the Baptist Church, (R. S. Laws pastor,) in Freedmen's Village, last week, but girl then supposed to be No. 1 was confronted by real No. 1, who claimed the male portion of the intended sacrifice to Hyman, as having won her young affections by artful suggestion, etc. Although the Baptist minister would not then and there tie the knot between the proved girl No. 2, and the Lothario Senegambian, an adjournment to an adjacent mansion, and the kindly offices of a Methodist minister settled things to the satisfaction of all parties concerned except girl No. 1.

"Whose hot Afric blood must bide revenge."

Our country is in a comatose condition at the present time; even chickens remain on their roosts and pick their teeth for want of something better to do; a sure sign of good crops this season; so let this nerve the arm to hold the plow most noble Rusticus. Unless something wonderful happens, say, for instance, our Legislature makes a good law in her behalf, this old country will commit felo-de-se. There is a painful lack of backbone just now. No one will do anything desperate, and Magistrates, Sheriff and Coroner dismally think of how it "used to was."

Perhaps there is no place inhabited by them that reflects so much credit on the colored people in this country, as does Freedmen's Village, in this country. Its population is quite large and formed of industrious and well-behaved citizens, who will remain so as long as they are undisturbed by carpet baggers and scallawags.

The old colored man named Jake Terrel, who died last week in the county, illustrates the well-known characteristic of the race, the ignorance of his race, viz: A firm belief in spells, conjures, &c. Davaughn, whom he accused of poisoning and putting spells on him, is one of our worthiest colored citizens.

The thing that Arlington needs now is a good old fashioned religious revival; even at the cost of a case or so of religious insanity. These are moody thoughts, but Moody is wanted.

Owing to the snow, sleet and rain, last Sunday, there were no religious services in Arlington.

COL. WITHERS.—A Washington correspondent of the New York Herald, gives the following in reference to Senator Withers, of Virginia, now a resident of this city: "Senator Withers, of Virginia, says he regards the Civil Rights bill as a measure which can result in no benefit at all to the colored race and likely to increase antagonism between the whites and blacks. The Force bill he also regards as an unequivocal indication of a purpose on the part of General Grant and the extremists of the republicanism party to control the election in the four States to which it would have been made applicable, so as to secure their votes in 1876 for Gen. Grant. The resumption of specie payment is, of course, the only sure remedy for the financial troubles, but a sudden contraction, such as must occur in consequence of precipitate action in this connection, must necessarily add to the stringency, and should, if possible, be avoided. The convertibility scheme has much to commend it as a means of preventing such crises as that which occurred last year. In regard to the success of the democratic party he said: With ordinary sagacity in the management of the democratic party success in 1876 is assured. Extremists will not control the action of the party, and the people, North and South, are tired of the war issues. The struggle in 1876 will be one more sharply defined than ever before, in which the constitution and the rights of the States under it will be maintained by the democratic party, and centralization of power in the hands of the general government will be advocated by the republicans. Dispute it as they may, these are the essential points of difference, and, issue being clearly presented before the people, he could not doubt what would be their verdict."

BALTIMORE CONFERENCE M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH.—At the session of the Baltimore Conference of the M. E. Church, South, in Washington, yesterday, locations were granted Rev. H. E. Johnson, of Baltimore, and Rev. W. T. Caruthers.

Mr. T. S. Magruder, of Baltimore, laid before the Conference the report of the joint Board of Finance. The report showed a decrease in the Bishop's fund, as compared with last year, of \$198, of \$232 in the education fund, and \$385.92 in the superannuated fund.

Rev. W. W. Walker, of Va., was introduced to the Conference.

The Committee on Memoirs submitted obituary notices of Rev. W. S. Baird, Rev. S. N. Nixon, Rev. Richard S. Shreve and James M. Haynes.

Appropriate tributes of respect were paid to the memory of each of the deceased by ministers who had, during their lives, been especially associated with them.

HORRIBLE ACCIDENT.—A terrible accident occurred near Charleston, on the East Tennessee and Virginia railroad, on Friday.

The bridge across the river at that place had been seriously damaged by the late flood, and was repaired with temporary trestles. A train of flat cars, loaded with rock, attempted to pass over it, but the trestles sunk some three feet. Braces were placed on them, and the bridge repairer informed the engineer of the train that it was safe to cross. Mr. Holloway protested that it was not, but was persuaded to out loose his engine from the train, and make the effort with that alone. He had gone but a short distance when the bridge broke, and the locomotive was doubled up on top of the tender, and Mr. Holloway caught between them, and his body literally crushed in two, of course killing him instantly.

EX-SENATOR NYE'S CONDITION.—The New York Tribune says:—"Serious reports have been in circulation recently concerning the bodily and mental condition of ex-Senator Nye, of Nevada. It has been learned from a trustworthy source that he is slowly convalescing, and that there is the most encouraging prospect of entire recovery from the nervous prostration from which Mr. Nye has been suffering for many months. The inclemency of the weather has kept him within doors since his return from the South, and has so greatly retarded his improvement that it has been necessary to give him the benefit of a change of scene. He has been removed, accordingly, to the residence of a friend in the country. His physician reports his condition as most favorable to a complete recovery."

[COMMUNICATED.]

Colonel Clifford's attention, as S. P. is called the long-standing nuisance on Union street, near Wilkes. What is the use of putting a shell side-walk and permitting a stone-cutter to use the very centre of the street as a yard for his work? I call upon you, Mr. S. P. Gordon, to have this abated at once; the public have put up with it long enough.

This week's Mark Lane Express says that since its last issue what has gained fully a shilling in price. There is a firmer feeling and a better demand throughout the trade. Nevertheless, speculation is wholly wanting.

THE REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS IN THE POTOMAC R.R. will take place at the residence of Mrs. R. L. Ross, in Rosslyn, Alexandria county, Va., on THURSDAY, the 26th day of March, at 12 m.

CHARLES H. SHERRELL, President.

mar 10-2w

COMMERCIAL.

Alexandria Market, March 10.

FLOUR, Fine.....	4 00	@ 4 25
Superfine.....	4 75	@ 5 00
Extra.....	5 00	@ 5 25
Family.....	6 00	@ 6 50
Family choice.....	6 75	@ 7 00
WHEAT, common to fair.....	1 00	@ 1 10
Fair to good.....	1 10	@ 1 20
Good to prime.....	1 20	@ 1 25
Prime to choice.....	1 25	@ 1 30
CORN, white.....	0 80	@ 0 82
Mixed.....	0 80	@ 0 81
Yellow.....	0 80	@ 0 82
Ear-Corn.....	3 50	@ 4 00
RYE.....	0 90	@ 1 00
OATS.....	0 66	@ 0 68
CHICKENS, dressed.....	3 50	@ 4 00
DUCKS.....	3 50	@ 4 50
BUTTER, prime.....	0 28	@ 0 30
Common to middling.....	0 15	@ 0 25
EGGS.....	0 30	@ 0 34
IRISH POTATOES.....	0 80	@ 0 90
CLOVER SEED.....	2 00	@ 2 50
TIMOTHY SEED.....	7 75	@ 8 00
BACON; Hams, country.....	0 12	@ 0 13
Western.....	0 14	@ 0 15
Sides.....	0 12	@ 0 12
Shoulders.....	0 9	@ 0 94
LARD.....	0 14	@ 0 15
DRESSED HOGS.....	8 00	@ 9 00
DRIED APPLES.....	0 6	@ 0 8
Green do.....	3 50	@ 4 50
PLASTER, ground, per ton.....	7 00	@ 0 00
Ground, in bags or bbls.....	9 50	@ 0 00
Ground, in bags, red'd.....	8 50	@ 0 00
Lime.....	1 15	@ 1 20
SALT, A. (Liverpool).....	2 10	@ 2 30
Turk's Island.....	0 85	@ 0 90

REMARKS.—The market for Wheat is quiet and unchanged; offerings of 210 bushels red, with sales at 122, 136 and 128 for good to strictly prime. Corn is active and firm; offerings of 1,798 bushels mixed, with sales at 81, 84 and 82. Rye and Oats are in very limited receipt; no sales reported to day.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA, MARCH 10.

Sun rose.....6 19; Moon sets.....9 39
Sun sets.....6 2; High water.....0 00

SAILED.

Steamship G. H. Stout, Philadelphia, by F. A. Reed. Her sister ship will leave Philadelphia for this port on Saturday next.

Schr. Clifton, Norfolk, by Hampshire & Baltimore Coast Company.

Schr. Flounder, Washington, by Master.

Schr. White-Squall, Norfolk, by F. A. Reed.

PASSED DOWN.

Schr. D. B. Seaman, from Georgetown.

FOR SALE.

A VALUABLE LOT, containing about three acres and a half of ground, and a COMFORTABLE BRICK HOUSE, nearly new. The property is near the Stone Bridge, in West End, adjoining the residence of Mr. Harrison Emmerson. A credit will be given on part if desired. For particulars enquire of C. A. GUR, West End.

FOR RENT.—The DWELLING HOUSE, No. 15 south A street, containing eight rooms, and bath room; also with stable in rear. Apply to E. S. LEADBEATER & BRO.

mar 10-e3m

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS.—Another large addition to our stock of Garden Seeds, also Silver Skin Onion Sets, just received and offered for sale at the lowest rates by mar 10 E. S. LEADBEATER & BRO.

VIRGINIA BUCKWHEAT, GRAHAM FLOUR, Canada and Scotch Oat Meal, Hill's Breakfast Wheat and Hominy, Farina and Rye Meal for sale